

# Safety Data Sheet

## AF-X Fireblocker Generators of the Nano Series

#### 0.1 Introduction

Please note that based on Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 of the European Parliament, compiling a Safety data Sheet would be required for substances and mixtures, and is not specifically referring to completed products, such as the Aerosol Generator Extinguisher.

Reference in many languages available at: (<u>https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=celex%3A32015R0830</u>)

0.2. General requirements for compiling a safety data sheet

0.2.1. The safety data sheet shall enable users to take the necessary measures relating to protection of human health and safety at the workplace, and protection of the environment. The writer of the safety data sheet shall consider that a safety data sheet must inform its audience of the hazards of a substance or a mixture and provide information on the safe storage, handling and disposal of the substance or the mixture.

As experience has learned that in the supply-chain (transportation and storage), entities involved frequently show the need to have more detailed technical information, AF-X provides the following user Safety Data Sheet information in the same sequence as required in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

For more detailed information relating to the raw materials (extinguishing agent) for the purpose of production and storage, please contact our technical staff at AF-X Systems in **Purmerend**.





User Safety Data Sheet for an AF-X Fireblocker Generator of the Nano Series

#### SECTION 1: I DENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form	:	White extinguishant tablets placed in extinguishing Unit
Trade name	:	AF-X Fireblocker
Composition	:	Tablets consisting of a Mixture of predominantly Potassium Nitrate and epoxy resin placed in extinguishing Units
Synonyms	:	Fire Extinguisher unit

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Main use category Use of substance/mixture Remark relevant uses	:	Industrial use – professional use – consumer use Fire Extinguisher Dry Fire Extinguisher, suitable for confined area's (e.g. engine rooms, technical areas, server rooms for computers,
		cargo compartments vehicles, storage facilities, etc.)

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name	:	AF-X Systems B.V.
Address	:	Impuls 20
Zip code	:	1 <b>446 WX</b>
Place	:	Purmerend
Country	:	The Netherlands
Phone	:	+31-(0)20-20 50 484
E-mail	:	<u>ralph@af-x.com</u> / <u>info@af-x.com</u>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Netherlands	:	Contact (English and Dutch) GMT+1 office hours 09.00h-17.00h Mon-Fri
		Emergency response phone number:
		(during office hours) +31 -(0)20-20 50 484 (out of office hours) +31 -(0)20-20 50 484
		e-mail: <u>ralph@af-x.com</u> / <u>info@af-x.com</u>



#### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No1272/2008 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods (Category 9)

According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended. Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods

Emergency overview:

The pyrotechnic mixture is a fire extinguishant. If heated to temperatures of above 350 degrees Celsius the mixture will create a deflagration with heat radiation only in the immediate vicinity of the materials. The created "smoke" (aerosols) is the intended extinguishing agent.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statement(s): H228	Flammable solid
Precautionary statement(s): P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P370 + P380	In case of fire: Evacuate area.

#### 2.3. Other hazards Extinguishing Agent Mixture and Generator

Risk of burn injuries in case of direct contact with the surface of the generator when heated by activation.

Unconsciousness due to inhaling aerosols when generator has been activated.

Do not handle device shortly after ignition because of heated device.

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Provided information based on extinguishing agent tablets contained in the unit (before initiation). Note that the steel generator is constructed in such a way, that it can practically not be opened. Exposure to, and thus contact with the extinguishing agent is highly unlikely.

#### 3.1 Device

The chemical part of the device contains the in this chapter mentioned components. Devices shall only be opened by destroying the whole entity. There is no risk to be exposed to the contents of the generator, except in cases of loss of tightness due to mechanical stress.

#### 3.2 Mixtures

CAS-no.	REACH Registration No.	%	Name	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1278/2008 (CLP)
77XX-XX-X	Present	> 60	Oxidant	Ox. Sol. 3 – H272
13XX-XX-X	-	< 10	Metal hydroxide	-
4XX-XX-X	Present	5 - 25	Secondary fuel	-
2XXXX-XX-X	-	< 25	Phenol- formaldehyde resin	H315, H317, H319, H335, H411,

#### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Provided information based on extinguishing agent tablets contained in the unit (before initiation).

Note that the steel generator is constructed in such a way, that it cannot be opened. Exposure to, and thus contact with, the extinguishing agent in tablet form is highly unlikely. In case however of breaking or opening of a generator, evacuate people from the contaminated area and provide maximum ventilation.

If extinguisher unit is initiated, the generator releases the fire extinguishing aerosol mixture. Although only natural occurring and environmental neutral elements will be produced, the particle sizes in the direct environment will be microscopically small, and for that reason requires protection for the respiratory system.

Inhalation of small particles must be prevented as much as possible.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In general, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

In case of breaking or opening of a generator, evacuate people from the contaminated area and provide maximum ventilation.

If inhaled	
Inhalation of gas after ignition:	- Bring victim to well ventilated area
	- Ventilate area
	- Consult a physician
If inhaled	
Inhalation of dust:	<ul> <li>Bring victim to well ventilated area</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In case of difficult breathing, apply extra oxygen</li> </ul>
	- Consult a physician
In case of skin contact with chemical c	ontent
	- Remove large particles
	- Rinse and wash with soap and water
In case of eye contact with chemical co	ontent
,	- Rinse eyes with water for a minimum of 15 minutes
	- Consult a physician
If swallowed of chemical content	
	- Rinse mouth immediately with water, in case the victim is
	conscious
	<ul> <li>Consult a physician, and show this safety sheet</li> </ul>



#### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

The unit itself is designed to extinguish fire!

IF MATERIAL IS HEATED TO THE SELF IGNITION TEMPERATURE OF 350 °C, THE MIXTURE WILL REACT INTO A FIRE EXTINGUISHING AEROSOL THAT WILL PRESENT ITSELF AS A WHITE CLOUD. THE AEROSOL CLOUD WILL ITSELF BE AN EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Dry powder and dry sand are also suitable.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture inside the aerosol generating fire extinguisher

#### Fire hazard:

When ignited, fire-fighting extinguishant will be developed. The white aerosol cloud developed, may be confused with smoke but is actually the fire-extinguishing agent. The self-ignition temperature of the material is around 350  $^{\circ}$ C.

#### Explosion hazard:

No direct explosion hazard in vicinity of product in powder and tablet form. The self-ignition temperature of the material is around 350 °C.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### Precautionary measures:

Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind, consider evacuation and have neighborhood close doors and windows.

#### Firefighting instructions:

Cool packages/tanks or loose product with water spray from safe distance (min. 5 Meters), and if possible remove them into safety. Do not move the load if already exposed to excessive heat. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

#### Protection during firefighting:

Do not breathe fumes. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### Other information:

Avoid mechanical shocks. Avoid high temperatures. Use water spray to cool unopened packages.



#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental release measures are presented when a generator has not ignited. Only by inappropriate handling the content of the device can be released.

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### General measures:

Always ensure your own safety first. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, clothing and eyes. Avoid raising dust.

Ensure a low relative humidity in the room. As the extinguishing particles are microscopically small, they might attract moist. Create a corrosion stop to protect sensitive electronical equipment if present. Also see 'Methods for cleaning up' under 6.3.

6.1.1. For *persons other than* emergency personnelEvacuate personnel to safe areas.For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment: Wear suitable respiratory equipment in case of insufficient ventilation or in case of prolonged exposure.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination in sewers. Prevent uncontrolled discharges into the environment (rivers, water courses, sewers etc.). Prevent soil and water pollution. Stop leaks if possible.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and clean-up

#### For containment:

Minimize generation of dust. Stop leaks if safe to do so.

#### Methods for cleaning up:

First ensure that the relative humidity in the room stays below 30% to ensure a corrosion stop. Collect spillage (Vacuum clean, sweep up and shovel). Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for recovery or disposal. E.g.: collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal (transport/Handling).

Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling. Special cleaning advise for the dry or iced cleaning of sensitive electronics can be obtained at the AF-X Systems technical department.

#### Other information:

Do not wash out with water in a sensitive environment. Dispose the product, depending on the degree and type of contamination in an authorized waste disposal site.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 1 for emergency contact information. See section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See section 13 for additional waste treatment information.



#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

The content cannot be released under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use including proper disposal if they are used in accordance with **the manufacturer's recommendations**.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

The chemical content within the generator is safely contained in normal condition of use. Do not open, drill, incinerate, crush, immerse, or expose to temperatures above the operating temperature range reported for products. Keep the generator short-circuited when not in use.

Avoid raising dust. Avoid breathing dust. Use sufficient ventilation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection as advised in section 8. Protect from moisture. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Always wash hands after handling the product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Conditions for safe storage 7.2. Technical measures: Store in a dry and cool, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. Store in a dry, preferably in the original storage/transport Storage conditions: packaging. Substance is hygroscopic. Storage temperature: between -20°C and 50°C, ideally 20°C Heat and ignition sources: Keep substance away from: ignition sources. heat sources. Prohibitions on mixed storage: Keep substances away from: strong bases, oxidizing agents, combustible materials, organic materials. Avoid unnecessarily exposure to air to prevent absorption of Storage area: moisture. Meet the legal requirements. Keep out of direct sunlight. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Meet the legal requirements. Keep packaging closed when Special rules on packaging: not in use. Do not store in unlabeled containers. 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Consult the identified uses in the User Manual of this product.



#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

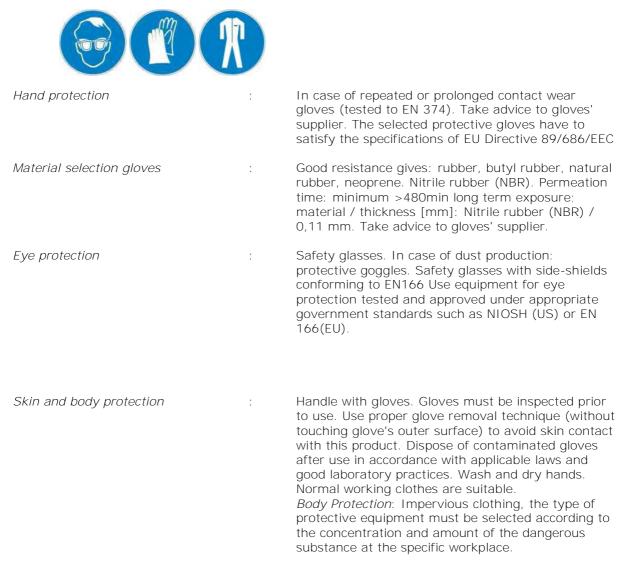
8.1. Control parameters (most critical National and International limits)

Not applicable.

- 8.2. Exposure controls
- 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment:



Respiratory protection	:	Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ ventilation or with respiratory protection to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure levels. Dust production: dust mask with filter type P2. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
Environmental exposure controls	:	Avoid release to the environment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with legislation. In some cases process modifications will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Other information	:	Keep product away from foodstuffs and beverages. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. After use: wash hands and apply hand or skin care cream. Training staff on good practice. Regular cleaning of equipment. Minimization of manual phases.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Device

<u>Appearance</u> Form Colour	:	Metal casing containing solid blocks Metal
9.2. Content		
Flammability Incompatibility Relative density Decomposition temperature Decomposition materials		Content is a flammable solid See section 10.5 ±1745 kg/m3 ±350 °C Aerosol and various gasses
Other Properties	:	When activated, the fire extinguishing aerosol appears with some force out of device as a white cloud

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions (section 7) and in correct usage as prescribed in the Users and Installation Manual of the product.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions (section 7) and in correct usage as prescribed in the Users and Installation Manual of the product.

#### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

High humidity (above 95%), temperatures  $> 50 \, {}^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### 10.3. Materials to avoid

Strong reducing agents, powdered metals, strong acids and bases.

#### 10.4. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products are formed when device is ignited: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen monoxide, methane gas, gaseous ammonia, hydrogen cyanide.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep substance away from: Strong acids or bases, combustible materials.

#### SECTION 11: TOXI COLOGI CAL INFORMATION In case of escape/free extinguishing agent

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity LD50 Oral – Rat – 3.750 mg/kg (potassium nitrate) LD50 Oral – Rat – >10000 mg/kg (cyanoguanidine)

Skin corrosion / irritation	:	Not data available
Serious eye damage / eye irritation	:	Not data available
Respiratory or skin sensitization	:	Not data available
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	Not classified
Carcinogenity	:	Not data available
Reproductive toxicity	:	Not data available
STOT – single exposure	:	Not data available
STOT – repeated exposure	:	Not data available
Aspiration hazard	:	Not data available

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Individual components of the content show toxicity to the environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability
No data available.
12.3 Bio-accumulative potential
No data available.
12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available.
12.5 PBT and vPvB assessment
No data available.
12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available.

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Product / packaging disposal :	Treat product as chemical waste.
Waste treatment-relevant information :	Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.
Sewage disposal-relevant information :	Waste should not be disposed of by release to sewers.
Other disposal recommendations :	Contaminated packaging should be treated and disposed of as an unused product.

#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In accordance with the UN recommendations on the transport of dangerous goods Test and criteria and thus ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

14.1. UN	N number		
UN	N-No.	:	3268
14.2. UN	N proper shipping name		
Pro	oper Shipping Name	:	SAFETY DEVICES, electrically initiated
14.3. Tra	ansport hazard class		
Class (UN)	)	:	9
Hazard lab	oels (UN)	:	Not applicable
14.4. Pa	acking group		
Packing gr	roup (UN)	:	Not applicable
14.5. En	nvironmental hazards		
Other infor	ormation	:	See section 12
14.6. Special precautions for user			
The protective measures listed in section 6, 7 and 8 have to be considered.			
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code			

IBC code : Not Applicable

#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION In case of escape/free Extinguishing Agent

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### No data available

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Version	:	3.1 USDS 271018		
Abbreviations and acronyms	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	bw = body weight CLP = Classification, labeling and packaging DNEL= Derivative No Effect Level PNEC= Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH= Registration, evaluation and authorization of chemicals LD50= median Lethal Dose for 50% of subjects		
Data sources	: : :	BIG-database ECHA website: Information on Registered Substances Handbook of Chemistry and Physics CRC Press Inc Information of the suppliers.		
Text of H-code(s), R-phrase(s) and hazard H228 P210 P280 P370+380	d codes m	Flammable solid. Flammable solid. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of fire: Evacuate area.		
Training advice	:	Before using/handling the product one must read carefully the MSDS and the User & Installation Manual. Preferably qualified personnel is allowed to work with aerosol fire extinguishing devices.		
Adaptations	:	This safety data sheet is a general SDS and replaces all the individual SDSs of the products mentioned in SECTION 1.		

Additional NFPA identification (US Federal Regulations):



NFPA health hazard	:	1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.		
NFPA fire hazard	:	0 - Materials that will not burn.		
NFPA reactivity	:	0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.		
HMISIII Rating:				
Health	:	1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible		
Flammability	:	1 Slight Hazard		
Physical	:	1 Slight Hazard		
Personal Protection	:	F		

The AF-X Fireblocker of the Nano Series is a product of AF-X Systems BV, Purmerend, The Netherlands.

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared by AF-X Systems BV in close cooperation and based on the data as supplied by Aerospace Propulsion Products BV (part of Ariane Group). Aerospace Propulsion Products BV produces this fire extinguishing gas generators exclusively for AF-X Systems BV. (Doc. reference: AER-SP-002, issue 2)

Email: <a href="mailto:ralph@af-x.com">ralph@af-x.com</a> / info@af-x.com

Creation Date 17-May-2022

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

- End SDS -

## **PRODUCTS:**

## Gaseous Suppression



Inert Gas (IG-01, IG-55, IG-100, IG-541) Novec 1230<sup>™</sup> Fluid (FK-5-1-12) FM-200<sup>®</sup> (HFC-227ea.) Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) Hybrid Systems (N₂ / Water) Pressure Relief Vents Enclosure Integrity Testing Equipment Pipe & Fittings

#### Water Suppression



Water Mist - High Pressure Water Mist - Intermediate Pressure Water Mist - Low Pressure Hybrid Systems (Water / N<sub>2</sub>) Monitors & Delivery Systems High Speed Deluge

## Foam Suppression



Foam Concentrates Foam Proportioning Foam Delivery Systems Compressed Air Foam Foam Concentrate Testing

## **Explosion Protection**

1			
EX	(PI		N

Explosion Suppression Explosion Isolation Explosion Vents & Pressure Relief Spark Suppression Explosibility Testing

#### Fire Detection

Linear Heat Detection - Digital Linear Heat Detection - Fibre Optic Linear Heat Detection - Micro Chip Flame Detection Video Imaging Detection Spark Detection Control & Indicating Equipment Thermal Imaging Detection Aspirating Smoke Detection

## Military & Defence



Military Vehicles Naval Vessels

## Special Applications

Micro Environment Oxygen Reduction Kitchen Protection Systems Dry Chemical Vehicle Systems Marine & Offshore Vapour Mitigation Li-Ion Fire Systems

#### Support Services



Design / Engineering Technical Support Services & Testing

## Australia

## Head Office Unit 1, 251 Ferntree Gully Road Mt Waverley VIC 3149 Australia

#### Brisbane Office Unit 7, 93 Rivergate Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Australia

Perth Office 18 – 20 Ledgar Road Balcatta WA 6021 Australia

Sydney Office Unit 5, 11 Reliance drive Tuggerah NSW 2259 Australia

# 1300 742 296

www.fire-protection.com.au enquiries@fire-protection.com.au

## New Zealand

Auckland Office Unit 2, 13 Airborne Road Albany North Shore 0632 New Zealand

0011 64 9415 5488 www.fire-protection.net.nz



'Every solution for your special hazard problems'